

Bovine dermatophilosis considered as economically important diseases of cattle in tropical countries (Tresamol and Saseendranath, 2015). There are no reports of a dermatophilosis outbreak in Nepal. The disease was more common in animals kept in warm and humid environments. The disease has not been recorded in Nepal; however, it has been reported to be more common in India during the post-monsoon season (Ranjithkumar *et al.*, 2012).

According to M. Ranjithkumar *et al.* (2018), the animal was successfully treated with allopathic veterinary medicine, including oxytetracycline, normal saline, and chlorpheniramine maleate. Under field conditions a single injection of long acting Oxytetracycline was found effective in treating dermatophilosis (Ilemobade *et al.*, 1979). Other cases were also reported, but none of them involved the use of homeopathic medicine, so this is likely the first instance where homeopathy was successfully used at a low cost. This study details the occurrence of dermatophilosis in a buffalo and details its full clinical recovery after homeopathic treatment from Nepal.

References

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